**Lesson 14 Guided Reading**

1. Why don’t you need a passport when traveling between France and Germany?
2. What is the one thing that does change between France and Germany?
3. What type of organization is the European Union?
4. What does the Latin term “supra” mean?
5. Define open borders.
6. How is the European Union able to have an “open” border policy among different countries?
7. What is the difference between centrifugal force and centripetal force?
8. What two wars tore apart European countries in the 20th century?
9. Complete the table below.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Name of the 1st Conflict** | **When did it start?** | **How long did it last?** | **How many people were killed?** |
|  |  |  |  |
| **Name of the 2nd Conflict** | **When did it start?** | **How long did it last?** | **How many people were killed?** |
|  |  |  |  |

1. What three main countries were known as the Axis powers?
2. What three main countries were known as the Allies?
3. What famous French leader put together the idea of the European Union in May of 1950?
4. Define common market.
5. Define tariff.
6. What six countries created the European Coal and Steel Community?
7. What type of market was created for the coal and steel industry?
8. What happens to trade barriers in this type of market?
9. What impact does the European Union (EU) have on tariffs?
10. What formed in 1952? Which countries joined?
11. When was the EU formed?
12. What is the main goal of the EU?
13. What are the common goals of the European Union?
14. How many countries were members in 1993?
15. How many countries were members in 2009?
16. Which countries joined in 2007?
17. Define currency.
18. How does being a common market help Europe?
19. What was adopted in 2002 to make it easier for people to travel across Europe without having to change money?
20. What is the common currency across Europe called?
21. Define trading bloc.
22. Which countries make up the top five economic powers based on GDP?
23. What major economic issues separate eastern and western European countries?
24. Why did some countries opt to not adopt the Euro?
25. Europeans to think of themselves as “citizens of Europe.” What benefits does this provide to them?
26. What is the largest governmental body in Europe?
27. How does joining the EU limit a country’s own political power?
28. How has the growth of the EU affected cooperation within the EU?
29. Why is it difficult to create a common cultural identity in Europe?
30. What is the motto of the EU?
31. How has the EU attempted to create a common cultural identity?

**Discussion Questions**

What is Brexit?

How will it impact the United Kingdom (Great Britain/ England)?

What are the potential long-term ramifications of leaving the EU?